Pablo Neruda

Chile (1904-1973)



1904	Neruda is born in Parral, Chile, as Ricardo Neftalí Reyes.
	He spent his childhood in Temuco, Chile.
1924	Veinte poemas de amor y una canción desesperada, his first major
	book of poetry is published (Post-Modernist).
1924-1934	He occupies various posts as Chilean consul in Europe and Asia.
1927	He serves as Chile's consul in Rangoon, Burma.
1933-1935	Residencia en la tierra (Vanguardist poetry) published.
1934	He serves as Chilean consul in Madrid, Spain.
1935	Neruda founded literary journal, <i>Caballo verde para la poesía</i> , of the Vanguard movement.
1936-1937	In Spain during beginning of Spanish Civil War: he is very sympathetic with Republican cause in Civil War.
1937	España en el corazón book of poetry about the Spanish Civil War.
1937-1939	He returned to Chile
1939-1943	He served as the Chilean consul in México.
1943	Neruda joined the Communist Party.
	He wrote <i>Canto general</i> : people □s poet
	Neruda visited Macchu Picchu.
1945	Neruda wrote <i>Alturas de Macchu Picchu</i> , which was published in 1950 in <i>Canto general</i> .
1947	<i>Tercera residencia</i> : he assumes the voice of the people □s poet,
	which is also evident in <i>Alturas de Machu Picchu</i> .
1949-1953	He lived in exile from Chile.
1953	He returned to Chile.

1959 Extravagaria: again he publishes this book of poetry as the people □s poet.
1966 Fulgor y muerte de Joaquín Murieta is published about California's version of Robin Hood (a drama).
1971 He is awarded the Nobel Prize for literature.
1973 He died of heart attack during the first few days of Gen. Pinochet's golpe de estado of the democratically-elected government of Salvador Allende.







